



हिमाचल प्रदेश केन्द्रीय विश्वविद्यालय
CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF HIMACHAL PRADESH
प्रवेश परीक्षा/Entrance Test - 2016

अध्ययन कार्यक्रम/Programme of Study : एमए (अंग्रेज़ी भाषा एवं साहित्य)/MA (English Language & Literature)

रोल नं. Roll No.	अभ्यर्थी का नाम Name of Candidate
केन्द्र का नाम Name of the Centre	अभ्यर्थी के हस्ताक्षर Signature of Candidate

क्र.सं./Serial No. :

समय: 1 घंटा

अधिकतम अंक: 60

Time : 1 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

अभ्यर्थियों के लिए अनुदेश

1. अभ्यर्थी (i) इस प्रश्नपत्र पुस्तिका और (ii) अलग से दिया गया ओएमआर उत्तर-पत्रक पर अपना रोल नं. लिखें और निर्धारित स्थानों पर अपने हस्ताक्षर भी करें।
2. इस प्रश्नपत्र पुस्तिका में इस कवर पृष्ठ के अलावा कुल 60 प्रश्न हैं। रफ कार्य के लिए प्रश्न पत्र के अन्त में उपलब्ध खाली पृष्ठों का प्रयोग करें।
3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर (क), (ख), (ग) और (घ) दिए गए हैं। अभ्यर्थी जिस एक उत्तर को सही समझता है, उसका चयन करने के बाद उत्तर-पत्रक में गोला को अंकित करे/रंगे।
4. गोला को रंगने के लिए काला/नीला बॉल पेन का प्रयोग करें।
5. निम्नलिखित उदाहरण देखें।

उदाहरण

1. 20 और 12 का जोड़ होता है

(क) 32 (ख) 38 (ग) 31 (घ) 34

उपर्युक्त प्रश्न का उत्तर (क) है, जिसे ओएमआर उत्तर-पत्रक में निम्नलिखित रूप में अंकित करें:

1	●	(b)	(c)	(d)
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6. आधा रंगा हुआ, हल्के रूप से अंकित, गोला में सही या गलत के निशान को ऑप्टिकल स्कैनर द्वारा इसे गलत उत्तर के रूप में पढ़ा जाएगा और इसे गलत माना जाएगा।
7. परीक्षा कक्ष छोड़ने से पहले प्रश्नपत्र पुस्तिका और ओएमआर उत्तर पुस्तिका अन्वीक्षक को अवश्य सौंप दें। पुस्तिका से कोई भी पृष्ठ फाड़कर अपने पास नहीं रखें।
8. ओएमआर उत्तर पत्रक को सीधा रखें। इसे मोड़ें आदि नहीं।
9. सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं, प्रत्येक प्रश्न एक अंक का है। गलत उत्तर के लिए कोई भी अंक काटे नहीं जाएंगे।
10. कैलकुलेटर/मोबाइल/कोई भी इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मद/ आपत्तिजनक सामग्री के प्रयोग की अनुमति नहीं है।

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Candidate is required to write his/her Roll Number in (i) this Question Booklet and (ii) OMR Answer Sheet supplied separately; and also put his/her signature at the places provided for the purpose.
2. This Question Booklet consists of this cover page, and a total 60 Items. Use blank pages available at the end of Question Booklet for rough work.
3. There are four alternative answers to each item marked as (a), (b), (c) and (d). The candidate will select one of the answers that is considered to be correct by him/her. He/ She will mark the answer considered to be correct by filling the circle.
4. Use black/blue point pen to darken the circle.
5. See the following illustration.
Illustration:
1. The sum of 20 and 12 is
(a) 32 (b) 38 (c) 31 (d) 34
The Correct answer of item 1 is (a), which should be marked in OMR Answer Sheet as under:

1	●	(b)	(c)	(d)
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6. Half filled, faintly darkened, ticked or crossed circles will be read as wrong answers by the optical scanner and will be marked as incorrect.
7. The Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before the candidate leaves the Examination Hall. No page(s) should be torn out from the booklet.
8. Keep OMR Answer Sheet straight. Do not fold it.
9. All questions are compulsory, each question carries one mark and there is NO negative marking.
10. Use of calculator/mobile/ any electronic item/objection material is NOT permitted.

परीक्षा नियंत्रक

Controller of Examinations

कृपया नोट करें कि अर्थ विभेद / दुविधा की स्थिति में अंग्रेज़ी में छपे प्रश्न को अंतिम माना जाए।

Section-A

1. The repetition of the consonants near together is known as
 - a. Alliteration
 - b. Allegory
 - c. Simile
 - d. Allusion

2. Anagnorisis is a Greek term used by Aristotle in Poetics which implies
 - a. Recognition of truth
 - b. Ignorance of truth
 - c. Death of the Hero
 - d. Fall from prosperity

3. When two unstressed syllables are followed by one stressed syllable, the metrical device is known as
 - a. Dactyl
 - b. Anapaest
 - c. Iambic
 - d. Trochee

4. Which of the following was not a member of the Bloomsbury Group?
 - a. Virginia Woolf
 - b. Lytton Strachey
 - c. David Garnet
 - d. Joseph Conrad

5. 'Her face is like a moon', employs a figure of speech known as
 - a. Metaphor
 - b. Simile
 - c. Conceit
 - d. Pathetic Fallacy

6. Heroic Couplet was first used by
 - a. Dryden
 - b. Chaucer
 - c. Pope
 - d. Shakespeare

7. I have been waiting for you for ages', is an example of
 - a. Hyperbole
 - b. Hypocorism
 - c. Metastasis
 - d. Metonymy

8. Which of the following was not a part of the Imagist Group in England?
 - a. Ezra Pound
 - b. Richard Aldington
 - c. Amy Lowell
 - d. Philip Larkin

9. Which of these is an utterance by a single speaker?
 - a. Ode
 - b. Ballad
 - c. Sonnet
 - d. Lyric

10. A Lampoon is a kind of ____
 - a. Satire
 - b. Ode
 - c. Elegy
 - d. Epic

11. Which of these is a work about the growing-up of an artist?
 - a. Künstlerroman
 - b. Bildungsroman
 - c. Historical novel
 - d. Realistic novel

12. Who coined the literary term "Poetic Justice"?
 - a. Samuel Johnson
 - b. Harold Bloom
 - c. Horace
 - d. Thomas Rymer

13. The role of the author and reader in inventing and receiving a work of literature are given precedence over realism in _____
- a. Fiction
 - b. Metafiction
 - c. Interactive fiction
 - d. None of the above
14. What is a Mock-Epic?
- a. Sequel to an Epic
 - b. Homage to an Epic
 - c. An Epic in Two parts
 - d. A Parody of an Epic
15. A long fictional work in prose is called _____
- a. Short Story
 - b. Novella
 - c. Novel
 - d. Romance

Section-B

16. The stated purpose of John Milton in Paradise Lost is
- a. To make his story hard to understand
 - b. To assert his superiority over other poets
 - c. To counter the idea of predestination
 - d. To justify the ways of God to men
17. The author of the poem The Rape of the Lock is
- a. John Milton
 - b. William Shakespeare
 - c. Robert Frost
 - d. Alexander Pope
18. In the poem "The Solitary Reaper", how will the speaker remember the young girl?
- a) He will keep a small painting of her with him
 - b) The two will correspond through letters
 - c) He will carry his song in his heart
 - d) He forgets her the second he leaves her

19. In which year did Rabindranath Tagore surrender the Knighthood as a protest against Jallianwalabagh massacre?
- a. 1919
 - b. 1920
 - c. 1921
 - d. 1922
20. Which of the following is not the work of Alfred Lord Tennyson?
- a. "In Memoriam"
 - b. "The Foresters"
 - c. "The Lotus Eaters"
 - d. "My Last Duchess"
21. Romanticism was partly a reaction to
- a. Industrial Revolution
 - b. French Revolution
 - c. The American Revolution
 - d. The Bolshevik Revolution
22. Robert Frost is a/an _____ poet
- a. British
 - b. American
 - c. Irish
 - d. Greek
23. In which year was Rabindranath Tagore awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature?
- a. 1919
 - b. 1911
 - c. 1913
 - d. 1917
24. Who wrote Preface to Lyrical Ballads?
- a. William Blake
 - b. William Wordsworth
 - c. ST Coleridge
 - d. John Keats

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25. The oxymoronic phrase in William Blake's poem "To the Evening Star" is?
- Radiant crown
 - Timely sleep
 - Rage wide
 - Speak silence
26. Many of Keats's poems deal with the theme of _____?
- Aesthetic and beauty
 - Forbidden love
 - Revenge and murder
 - Fatalism
27. Which of the following books were translated by Alexander Pope into English?
- Bible
 - Iliad, Odyssey
 - Les Miserables
 - Mater et magistra
28. Which poem of William Wordsworth is considered his greatest autobiographical epic?
- Guilt and Sorrow
 - The Solitary Reaper
 - The Excursion
 - The Prelude
29. For which book, Rabindranath Tagore was awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature?
- Gora
 - Gitanjali
 - Chitra
 - Kabuliwala
30. Where was Robert Browning born?
- London
 - Plymouth
 - Birmingham
 - Manchester

Section-C

31. Which was the first novel of Jane Austen?
- Mansfield Park
 - Emma
 - Pride and Prejudice
 - Sense and Sensibility
32. Which of the following characters is addressed as 'whelp' by Charles Dickens in Hard Times?
- Tom Gradgrind
 - Josiah Bounderby
 - Bitzer
 - Stephen Blackpool
33. What is not true about Charles Dickens?
- His family had to vacate the house for lack of rent money.
 - He advocated equality and spoke against slavery.
 - His relations with his wife were cordial.
 - He became the editor of Bentley's Miscellany.
34. Hard Times was published in
- 1852
 - 1854
 - 1850
 - 1856
35. Fate or chance plays a major role in the novels of
- Jane Austen
 - Thomas Hardy
 - Kamala Markandaya
 - Mark Twain
36. Which novel of Thomas Hardy was subtitled as A Pure Woman?
- Jude the Obscure
 - Tess of the D'Urbervilles
 - The Return of the Native
 - The Mayor of Casterbridge

37. Wessex forms the setting of most of the novels of
- Thomas Hardy
 - Rudyard Kipling
 - Charles Dickens
 - None of the above
38. Arrange the following authors chronologically in ascending order in terms of their birth dates:
1. Thomas Hardy
 2. Charlotte Bronte
 3. Jane Austen
 4. Charles Dickens
- 4-3-2-1
 - 2-3-4-1
 - 1-4-2-3
 - 3-4-2-1
39. Nectar in a Sieve is authored by
- Kamala Markandaya
 - Shashi Desphande
 - Shashi Tharoor
 - Mulk Raj Anand
40. The works of which writer are set in the fictional town of Malgudi?
- Mulk Raj Anand
 - Vikram Seth
 - R.K. Narayan
 - Amitav Ghosh
41. The Bachelor of Arts is a famous work of
- Khushwant Singh
 - Bhisham Sahni
 - Asif Currimbhoy
 - R.K. Narayan
42. Which of the following spoke against slavery?
- Rudyard Kipling
 - Mark Twain
 - Thomas Carlyle
 - None of the above

43. Who wrote A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court?
- a. Agatha Christie
 - b. Mark Twain
 - c. George Eliot
 - d. Samuel Beckett
44. Which mythological character is invoked in R.K. Narayan's The Man Eater of Malgudi?
- a. Bhashmasur
 - b. Hidimbasur
 - c. Vanasur
 - d. Takasur
45. What is the name of the river in George Eliot's The Mill on the Floss?
- a. Thames
 - b. Seine
 - c. Derwent
 - d. Floss

Section-D

46. Which of these authors met a violent death?
- a. William Shakespeare
 - b. Christopher Marlowe
 - c. Vijay Tendulkar
 - d. Harold Pinter
47. Who is the author of Look Back in Anger?
- a. John Osborne
 - b. Christopher Marlowe
 - c. George Bernard Shaw
 - d. Vijay Tendulkar
48. The year 2016 is the 400th death anniversary of which famous playwright?
- a. William Shakespeare
 - b. Sophocles
 - c. Christopher Marlowe
 - d. George Bernard Shaw

49. Being Harold Pinter, performed by Belarus Free Theatre, was a homage to which playwright?
- William Shakespeare
 - Harold Pinter
 - Vijay Tendulkar
 - None of the above
50. Doctor Faustus is a character created by _____
- Geoffrey Chaucer
 - William Shakespeare
 - Christopher Marlowe
 - Ben Jonson
51. Which of these plays was performed only eight times before being declared a failure, but has since garnered a cult classic status?
- The Birthday Party
 - Pygmalion
 - Sakharam Binder
 - None of the above
52. Which of these plays was banned in India?
- The Tempest
 - Sakharam Binder
 - Arms and the Man
 - Ghasiram Kotwal
53. Hamlet is the protagonist of which play?
- Oedipus Tyrannus
 - Sakharam Binder
 - King Lear
 - Hamlet
54. Sophocles belonged to which century?
- 5th century A.D.
 - 4th century A.D.
 - 6th century A.D.
 - None of the above
55. How many Theban plays did Sophocles write?
- Two
 - Three
 - Four
 - Five

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- Two
 - Three
 - Four
 - Five
56. Which of these playwrights joined the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament in 1959?
- Vijay Tendulkar
 - Harold Pinter
 - George Bernard Shaw
 - John Osborne
57. Which of these authors won the Nobel Prize in Literature?
- George Bernard Shaw and Harold Pinter
 - Vijay Tendulkar and John Osborne
 - William Shakespeare and Christopher Marlowe
 - Both (a) and (b)
58. Wilbur Zeigler's *It was Marlowe* is a fictional work on which playwright?
- Harold Pinter
 - John Osborne
 - Sophocles
 - None of the above
59. The total number of plays that George Bernard Shaw wrote are _____
- Thirty-seven
 - Sixty-two
 - Forty-two
 - Fifty
60. Which playwright confessed to copying Aeschylus's style in his career?
- Vijay Tendulkar
 - Sophocles
 - William Shakespeare
 - Christopher Marlowe

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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