



हिमाचल प्रदेश केंद्रीय विश्वविद्यालय

Central University of Himachal Pradesh

"Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade with CGPA of 3.42"

Email ID: coe@hpcu.ac.in, website: www.cuhimachal.ac.in

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Dated: 13.07.2026

Admission Notification for Ph.D. 2026

Online applications are invited from eligible candidates for admission to the Ph.D. Programmes offered by the Central University of Himachal Pradesh for the Academic Session 2026–27. The application forms can be submitted through the university website www.cuhimachal.ac.in, from 13.07.2026 to 31.07.2026 (up to 5:00 PM).

1. Eligibility Criteria

Minimum Eligibility Criteria:

The following candidates shall be eligible to seek admission to the PhD programme:

- 1.1. Master's degree or a professional degree declared equivalent to the Master's degree by the corresponding statutory regulatory body, with at least 55% marks in aggregate or its equivalent grade 'B' in the UGC 7-point scale (or an equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed) or an equivalent degree from a foreign educational Institution accredited by an Assessment and Accreditation Agency which is approved, recognized or authorized by an authority, established or incorporated under a law in its home country or any other statutory authority in that country for the purpose of assessing, accrediting or assuring quality and standards of educational institutions.

Or

Candidate must have passed 1- Year Master's Degree (2 semesters) with at least 55% marks or a 'B' grade on the UGC 10-point scale after UG degree of 4 years(Honours)/ Four Year UG Degree (Honours with Research).

Or

Candidate must have passed 4-year UG Degree (Honours with Research) - by securing 160 credits and at least 75% marks and above in each of first six semesters, including 12 credits from a research project/dissertation.

- 1.2. The minimum eligibility criteria for admission in Kashmir Studies, Deendyal Upadhyaya Studies, Remote Sensing & GIS, Geology and Nanoscience & Material will be as per enclosed **Annexure- 'A'**. Besides that, the applicant must fulfil all other eligible conditions.
- 1.3. The candidates who have cleared the M.Phil. course work with at least 55% marks in aggregate or its equivalent grade 'B' in the UGC 7-point scale (or an equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed) and successfully completing the M.Phil. Degree shall be eligible.
- 1.4. A relaxation of 5% of marks, from 55% to 50%, or an equivalent relaxation of grade, may be allowed for those belonging to SC/ST/OBC (non-creamy layer)/Differently-Abled and other categories of candidates as per the decision of the Commission from time to time, or for those who had obtained their Master's degree prior to 19th September, 1991. The eligibility marks of 55% (or an equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed) and the relaxation of 5% to the categories mentioned earlier is permissible based only on the qualifying marks (in PG degree or M.Phil. degree) without including the grace mark procedures.

- 1.5. Candidates possessing a degree considered equivalent to MPhil of an Indian Institution, from a Foreign Educational Institution accredited by an Assessment and Accreditation Agency which is approved, recognized or authorized by an authority, established or incorporated under a law in its home country or any other statutory authority in that country for the purpose of assessing, accrediting or assuring quality and standards of educational institution, shall be eligible for admission to PhD programme.
- 1.6. An employee of any university/institution/college/government department/public sector undertaking/R & D industry/private industry or organization, fulfilling all eligibility conditions, may apply for admission to PhD programme of study in concerned subject. However, 'No Objection Certificate (NOC)' issued only by his/her employer / appointing authority only shall be mandatory required to be submitted at the time of submission of Ph.D. Admission fee without which he/she shall not be given admission in Ph.D programme. In addition, such candidates are compulsorily required to submit sanction order of Study leave/leave of the due kind for a minimum period of six months (at a continuous stretch) issued by his/her employer/appointing authority before the start of Ph.D. coursework classes failing which Ph.D. admission shall stand forfeited.
- 1.7. To be eligible, the applicant must have qualified any of the following:
- (i) UGC- JRF
 - (ii) UGC-NET
 - (iii) UGC-NET (Qualified for Admission to PhD only)
 - (iv) UGC-CSIR -JRF
 - (v) UGC-CSIR NET
 - (vi) ICAR- JRF/SRF
 - (vii) ICAR-NET
 - (viii) ICMR-JRF
 - (ix) SLET
 - (x) Teacher Fellowship Holder
 - (xi) M.Phil
 - (xii) Himachal Pradesh Kendriya Vishwavidyalaya Shodh Patrata Pariksha (HPKVSP)
 - (xiii) DBT-JRF
 - (xiv) GATE
 - (xv) Any other eligibility criterion as notified by UGC from time to time

2. Admission Procedure

Admission to Ph.D.programme shall follow a **Two-Stage Process** which will be as follow:

Stage 1: Ph.D. Entrance Test

- a) The candidates must secure at least 50% aggregate marks in the entrance test for moving to second Stage. However, the SC/ST/OBC (Non creamy layer)/PwD) candidates will be given a relaxation of 5% marks in the above criteria.
- b) The candidates awarded with JRF shall be exempted from entrance test. All remaining candidates (including those with NET/SLET/Teacher Fellowship Holder/MPhil/ *Himachal Pradesh Kendriya Vishwavidyalaya Shodh Patrata Pariksha* (HPKVSP) etc.) are mandatorily required to appear in PhD entrance test.

- c) Entrance test will be Bilingual and shall comprise of 100 marks with 20% weightage in composite score (candidates with JRF shall be given 20 marks).
- d) The syllabus of the entrance test shall comprise of 50% Research methodology and 50% Subject specific knowledge related contents.
- e) The syllabus of the entrance test will be as per the syllabi of UGC-NET for the concerned subject, as indicated below:

S.No.	Subject	Syllabus: Subject
1.	Management	UGC-NET: Management
2.	Commerce	UGC-NET: Commerce
3.	Hindi	UGC-NET: Hindi
4.	English	UGC-NET: English
5.	Sanskrit	UGC-NET: Sanskrit
6.	Panjabi	UGC-NET: Panjabi
7.	Journalism and Mass communication	UGC NET Mass Communication and Journalism
8.	New Media	UGC NET Mass Communication and Journalism
9.	Education	UGC-NET: Education
10.	Tourism and Travel Management	UGC-NET: Tourism Administration and Management.
11.	Centre for Promotion of Ecological, Adventure, Health and Cultural Tourism	UGC-NET: Tourism Administration and Management.
12.	Environmental Sciences	UGC-NET: Environmental Sciences
13.	Remote Sensing & GIS	Attached Annexure 'B'
14.	Geology	Attached Annexure 'C'
15.	Plant Science	CSIR-NET: Life Sciences
16.	Animal Science	CSIR-NET: Life Sciences
17.	Computational Biology and Bioinformatics	CSIR-NET: Life Sciences
18.	History	UGC NET: History
19.	Political Science	UGC NET: Political Science
20.	Social Work	UGC-NET: Social Work
21.	Sociology	UGC NET: Sociology
22.	Kashmir Studies	Attached Annexure 'D'
23.	Deendyal Upadhyaya Studies	Attached Annexure 'E'
24.	Mathematics	CSIR-NET: Mathematics
25.	Library and Information Science	UGC-NET: Library and Information Science
26.	Computer Science & Informatics	UGC-NET: Computer Science
27.	Visual Arts	UGC NET: Visual Art (including Drawing & Painting/Sculpture Graphics/Applied Art/History of Art)
28.	Physics	CSIR-NET: Physics
29.	Nanoscience & Materials	Attached Annexure 'F'

Stage 2: Interaction and Interview/Viva-voce

- a) The candidates who will qualify the entrance test shall move to second stage of selection process. This second stage will include interaction and interview/viva-voce and shall have following weightage given to different components:

**Applicable for Candidates
with 3 Years UG +2 Years PG/4 Years UG Honours + 1 Year PG**

Sr. No.	Criteria for Admission	Maximum Weightage Assigned
1	UG Degree in Concerned Relevant Subject	10% of Percentage of Marks obtained
2	PG Degree in Concerned relevant Subject	30% of Percentage of Marks obtained
3	JRF / NET / SLET / M.Phil./HPKVSP	20 Marks for JRF / (All other remaining candidates will be given 20% weightage of the marks obtained in Entrance Test)
4	Subject Knowledge	10 Marks
5	Concept Note (to be prepared by candidate) and its presentation	10 Marks
6	Communication Skills	10 Marks
7	Interview and Viva-Voce	10 Marks
Total Marks/ Total Composite Score (Maximum Composite Score)		100 Marks

Applicable for Candidates with 4 years UG Degree (Honours with Research)

Sr. No.	Criteria for Admission	Maximum Weightage Assigned
1	4 Year UG Degree (Honours with Research)	15% of weightage of total marks obtained in first 6 semesters of UG Degree in concerned subject 25% of weightage of marks obtained in last 2 semesters of UG degree 20 Marks for All JRF and any other Fellowship Holders in concerned subject only. (Remaining all other candidates will be given 20% weightage of the marks obtained in PhD Entrance Test conducted by University or any other agency as notified by the university from time to time)
2	Subject Knowledge	10 Marks
3	Concept Note (to be prepared by candidate) and its presentation	10 Marks
4	Communication Skills	10 Marks
5	Interview and Viva-Voce	10 Marks
Total Marks / Total Composite Score (Maximum Composite Score)		100 Marks

Note 1: In case of students possessing 4 Years UG Degree (Honours with Research), the other eligibility conditions with regard to NET/SLET qualifications any other conditions shall be applicable as notified by UGC and adopted by the university from time to time.

Note 2: In case of students possessing 4 years UG Degree (Honours with Research) and also having 1 year PG degree in concerned subject. The weightage / merit shall be assigned where the candidate will attain higher composite score in total.

- b) The interview/viva-voce shall take into consideration specifically whether the candidate possesses the research aptitude and competencies to undertake the research work.
- c) The admission of candidates to Ph.D. programme shall be made on the basis of the merit drawn in accordance to above criteria i.e. out of 100 marks (Maximum Composite score).

3. Number of Seats and Reservation

- The Central University of Himachal Pradesh is a public funded university and follows Government of India Reservation Policy.
- List of Department/Centre wise vacant seats and their category wise distribution is given in **Annexure 'G'**.
- The number of available seats may be increased or decreased as per the decision of the University.
- The number of allotted seats may differ from the available vacant seats keeping in mind the infrastructural constraints of the University.
- For complete information regarding eligible research supervisors, Departments/ Centres along with their area/s of specialization/ interest, and number of vacant seats available with them, please visit the university website www.cuhimachal.ac.in.

4. Application Fee:

At the time of filling the application form the candidate will be required to pay an online application fee as mentioned below:

S. No	Category	Amount (in Rs.)
1.	General/EWS and OBC (creamy)	500/-
2.	OBC (Non creamy Layer)	400/-
3.	SC/ST/Divyang	200/-

5. Important Dates:

S.No.	Event	Date
1.	Admit card available for download	11.08.2026
2.	Entrance Test	16.08.2026
3.	Declaration of result	25.08.2026

Important Note:

- Students must regularly visit the University website to keep themselves informed about the status of Ph.D. Admission process.
- For any subject related queries, the students are advised to contact the concerned Department/Centre.

❖ Admission Helpdesk :

(On all working days, 09:30 AM to 05:30 PM)

Admission related queries	Form related/Technical Issues
Phone No. 01892-224377 Email: admission@hpcu.ac.in	Phone No.: 01892-238008 Email: technical@hpcu.ac.in

S/d
Controller of Examinations

The minimum eligibility criteria for admission in Kashmir Studies, Deendyal Upadhyaya Studies, Remote Sensing & GIS, Geology and Nanoscience & Material will be as per enclosed Annexure- 'A'. Besides that, the applicant must fulfil all other eligible conditions.

Deendyal Upadhyaya Studies: PG Degree in Political Science/History/Education /SocialWork/ Sociology and Social Anthropology/Hindi/ Economics/Mass Communication/Public Administration/Cultural Studies/ Comparative Religions and Philosophy .

Kashmir Studies: PG Degree in Political Science/History/Education/Social Work/Sociology and Social Anthropology/Hindi/Economics/Public Administration/Women Studies/Human Rights/ Comparative Religions/Piece and Conflict Studies/Cultural Studies and Mass Communication.

Remote Sensing & GIS: M.Sc. in Remote Sensing and GIS or Geoinformatics/M.Sc. in Geology /MSc in Environment Sciences/MSc in Disaster management with experience in the field of Remote Sensing and GIS.

Geology : M.Sc. in Geology/Earth Sciences .

Nanoscience & Materials : M.Sc. in Physics/ Chemistry/ Nanoscience/ Nanotechnology/ Environmental Science/ Material Science/ Computer Science/ IT, or any relevant field.

or

M.Tech. in Solid State Materials/ Nanoscience/ Nanotechnology/ Solid State Physics/ Science and Technology of Nanomaterials/ Electronics/ Computer Science/IT/ Material Science, or any relevant field of Engineering/Technology.

Annexure- 'B'

Syllabus for the PhD Entrance Exam Remote Sensing and GIS

EARTH SYSTEM SCIENCE: Lithosphere, Biosphere, Hydrosphere & Atmosphere, Igneous, Sedimentary & Metamorphic Rocks, Mineral Deposits & Their Types, Folds, Faults, Joints And Lineaments, Geomorphic Landforms, Application of Satellite Images, Drainage Patterns & their Significance, Mineral Resources, Surface Mining & Land Degradation, Fundamental Concept of Disaster Management, Geological Hazards (Remote Sensing Perspective): Landslide, Earthquake, Glacial Hazards, Hydro-Meteorological Hazards: Flash Floods, River Floods, Cyclones, Drought.

Fundamental of Remote Sensing: Historical perspective of Remote Sensing; Physics of Remote Sensing; Electromagnetic Radiation (EMR), Characteristics; Electromagnetic Spectrum (EMS); Interactions Between Matter and Electro-Magnetic Radiation; Radiation Laws. Atmospheric Windows; Types of Remote Sensing with Respect to Wavelength Regions, Platforms. Map Projection and Co-Ordinate System; Datums; Ellipsoid and Geoid, Elements of Image Interpretation.

Fundamental of Geographic Information System (GIS) and GPS: History and Evolution of GIS; Components of GIS; Applications Areas of GIS; GIS Data Types (Raster and Vector); Spatial and Non-Spatial Data; Attributes. Thiessen Polygon; Raster Data Analysis; WEB GIS; Various Software in GIS; Introduction to Open Source GIS; Concept and History of Web GIS; Components of Web GIS; Introduction to Global Positioning System; GPS Satellite Constellations; GPS Segments: Space; Control; User; Signals & Codes; GPS Receivers.

Photogrammetry and Digital Image Processing: History of Aerial Photographs; Classification and Types; Characteristics of Aerial Photographs; Geometry of Aerial Photographs Elements of Aerial Photos, Photogrammetry and Mapping: Photogrammetry, Fundamentals of Human Stereoscopy; Methods of Stereoscopic Viewing - Lens and Mirror Stereoscopes; Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV).

Introduction to Digital Image Processing (DIP); Formats of Digital Imagery. Data Analysis and Elements of Image Interpretations. Principal Component Analysis; The Fast Fourier transform; Minimum Noise Fraction (MNF) Transformation; Unsupervised classification; supervised classification.

Lithosphere origin and evolution, continental drift and plate tectonics; Atmosphere, components, structure; hydrosphere, ocean basins, evolution through time; cryosphere; ground water and global water cycle, Darcy's law, well hydraulics; surface and sub surface Geophysical and geological methods of ground water exploration; global climatic changes. Theory of climate change, Green house gases etc.

Fundamental of Thermal, Microwave and Hyperspectral Remote Sensing: Fundamentals of Thermal Remote Sensing: Thermal Radiation Principles - Kinetic Heat; Temperature; Radiant Energy and Radiant Flux. Blackbody Radiation; Thermal Radiation Laws- Stephen Boltzmann Law; Wien's Displacement Law; Emissivity; Kirchhoff's Radiation Law. Microwave Remote Sensing: Basics of Microwave Remote Sensing; Advantages; And Inconveniences; Wavelength and Frequencies; Passive and Active Systems.

Understanding Hyperspectral Imaging; Multispectral Vs Hyperspectral Remote Sensing Advantages; History and Evolution of Hyperspectral Imaging; The Physical-Chemical Interactions of The Electromagnetic Radiation with the Atmosphere and the Geosphere. Spectral Radiometry: Principles - Radiance Vs Reflectance; Spectral Angle Mapper; Spectral Feature Fitting; Sub-Pixel Analysis - Linear Spectral Unmixing; Matched Filtering.

Digital Terrain Modeling and Statistics Digital Terrain Model (DTM): Digital Elevation Model (DEM) and Digital Surface Model (DSM); Digital Elevation Data Sources and Structures; DTM/DEM Production Methods; DEM Interpolation Methods; Early DEMs; Availability of Global and Regional DEMs. Applications

of DEMs Basic Concepts: Data Mining; Data and Patterns; Review of Statistical Techniques for Data Mining: Discriminant Analysis; Cluster Analysis; Outlier Analysis. Data Mining of Spatial Data: Geospatial Grids; Data Structures for Spatial Grids.

Applications of Remote Sensing and GIS: Remote sensing and GIS Application in Urban Planning, Ecosystem Management, Agriculture, Resource Management, Forest Studies and Disaster Management. Role of Remote Sensing in Monitoring and Management of Natural Hazards

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: Resources Classification Systems, Crop Yield & Acreage Estimation, Disease & Stress Detection, Soil Salinity, Waterlogging & Soil Degradation, Land Capability, Land Use / Land Cover Classification, Forest Classification, Forest Density & Type, Fire Damage Assessment, Habitat Assessment, Carbon Sequestration, Primary Productivity, Sustainable Development, Ecological & Biological Aspects of Environment, Landscape Ecology, Green House Effect & Global Warming, Solid Waste Management, Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Non Conventional Energy Resources, Land Degradation, Desertification Assessment & Monitoring.

Annexure- 'C'

Syllabus for the PhD Entrance Exam Geology

The Earth and the Solar System: Milky Way and the solar system. Modern theories on the origin of the Earth and other planetary bodies. Earth's orbital parameters, Kepler's laws of planetary motion, Geological Time Scale; Space and time scales of processes in the solid Earth, atmosphere and oceans. Radioactive isotopes and their applications. Meteorites Chemical composition and the Primary differentiation of the earth. Basic principles of stratigraphy. Theories about the origin of life and the nature of fossil record. Earth's gravity and magnetic fields and its thermal structure: Concept of Geoid and, spheroid; Isostasy.

Earth Materials, Surface Features and Processes: Gross composition and physical properties of important minerals and rocks; properties and processes responsible for mineral concentrations; nature and distribution of rocks and minerals in different units of the earth and different parts of India. Physiography of the Earth; weathering, erosion, transportation and deposition of Earth's material; formation of soil, sediments and sedimentary rocks; energy balance of the Earth's surface processes; physiographic features and river basins in India

Interior of the Earth, Deformation and Tectonics Basic concepts of seismology and internal structure of the Earth. Physico-chemical and seismic properties of Earth's interior. Concepts of stress and strain. Behaviour of rocks under stress; Folds, joints and faults. Earthquakes – their causes and measurement. Interplate and intraplate seismicity. Paleomagnetism, sea floor spreading and plate tectonics.

Oceans and Atmosphere Hypsography of the continents and ocean floor –continental shelf, slope, rise and abyssal plains. Physical and chemical properties of sea water and their spatial variations. Residence times of elements in sea water. Ocean currents, waves and tides, important current systems, thermohaline circulation and the oceanic conveyor belt. Major water masses of the world's oceans. Biological productivity in the oceans. Motion of fluids, waves in atmospheric and oceanic systems. Atmospheric turbulence and boundary layer. Structure and chemical composition of the atmosphere, lapse rate and stability, scale height, geopotential, greenhouse gases and global warming. Cloud formation and precipitation processes, air- sea interactions on different space and time scales. Insolation and heat budget, radiation balance, general circulation of the atmosphere and ocean. Climatic and sea level changes on different time scales. Coupled ocean-atmosphere system, El Nino Southern Oscillation (ENSO). General weather systems of India, - Monsoon system, cyclone and jet stream, Western disturbances and severe local convective systems, distribution of precipitation over India. Marine and atmospheric pollution, ozone depletion. 5. Environmental Earth Sciences Properties of water; hydrological cycle; water resources and management. Energy resources, uses, degradation, alternatives and management; Ecology and biodiversity. Impact of use of energy and land on the environment. Exploitation and conservation of mineral and other natural resources. Natural hazards. Elements of Remote Sensing.

MINERALOGY AND PETROLOGY: Concept of point group, space group, reciprocal lattice, diffraction and imaging. Concepts of crystal field theory and mineralogical spectroscopy. Lattice defects (point, line and planar). Electrical, magnetic and optical properties of minerals. Bonding and crystal structures of common oxides, sulphides, and silicates. Transformation of minerals – polymorphism, polytypism, and polysomatism. Solid solution and exsolution. Steady-state geotherms. Genesis, properties, emplacement and crystallization of magmas. Phase equilibrium studies of simple systems, effect of volatiles on melt equilibria. Magma -mixing, - mingling and -immiscibility. Metamorphic structures and textures; isograds and facies. Mineral reactions with condensed phases, solid solutions, mixed volatile equilibria and thermobarometry. Metamorphism of pelites, mafic -ultra mafic rocks and siliceous dolomites. Material transport during metamorphism. P-T-t path in regional metamorphic terrains, plate tectonics and metamorphism. Petrogenetic aspects of important rock suites of India, such as the Deccan Traps, layered intrusive complexes, anorthosites, carbonatites, charnockites, alkaline rocks, Kimberlites, ophiolites and granitoids.

STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOTECTONICS: Theory of stress and strain. Behaviour of rocks under stress. Mohr circle. Various states of stress and their representation by Mohr circles. Different types of

failure and sliding criteria. Geometry and mechanics of fracturing and conditions for reactivation of pre-existing discontinuities. Common types of finite strain ellipsoids. L-, L-S-, and S-tectonic fabrics. Techniques of strain analysis. Particle paths and flow patterns. Progressive strain history. Introduction to deformation mechanisms. Role of fluids in deformation processes. Geometry and analyses of brittle-ductile and ductile shear zones. Sheath folds. Geometry and mechanics of development of folds, boudins, foliations and lineations. Interference patterns of superposed fold. Fault-related folding. Gravity induced structures. Tectonic features of extensional-, compressional-, and strike-slip-terrains and relevance to plate boundaries. mantle plumes. Himalayan Orogeny; concept of super continent, their assembly and breakup.

PALEONTOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATIONS: Theories on origin of life. Organic evolution – Punctuated Equilibrium and Phyletic Gradualism models. Mass extinctions and their causes. Application of fossils in age determination and correlation. Paleoecology, Life habitats and various ecosystems, Paleobiogeography. Modes of preservation of fossils and taphonomic considerations. Types of microfossils. Environmental significance of fossils and trace fossils. Use of microfossils in interpretation of sea floor tectonism. Application of micropaleontology in hydrocarbon exploration. Oxygen and Carbon isotope studies of microfossils and their use in paleoceanographic and paleoclimatic interpretation. Important invertebrate fossils, vertebrate fossils, plant fossils and microfossils in Indian stratigraphy.

SEDIMENTOLOGY AND STRATIGRAPHY: Classification of sediments and sedimentary rocks ; elastic, volcanoclastic and chemical. Classification of elastic rocks. Flow regimes and processes of sediment transport. Sedimentary textures and structures. Sedimentary facies and environments, reconstruction of paleoenvironments. Formation and evolution of sedimentary basins. Diagenesis of siliciclastic and carbonate rocks. Recent developments in stratigraphic classification. Code of stratigraphic nomenclature – Stratotypes, Global Boundary Stratotype Sections and Points (GSSP). Lithostratigraphic, chronostratigraphic and biostratigraphic subdivisions. Methods of stratigraphic correlation including Shaw's Graphic correlation. Concept of sequence stratigraphy. Rates of sediment accumulation, unconformities. Facies concept in Stratigraphy – Walther's law. Methods for paleogeographic reconstruction. Earth's Climatic History. Phanerozoic stratigraphy of India with reference to the type areas– their correlation with equivalent formations in other regions. Boundary problems in Indian Phanerozoic stratigraphy.

MARINE GEOLOGY AND PALEOCEANOGRAPHY: Morphologic and tectonic domains of the ocean floor. Structure, composition and mechanism of the formation of oceanic crust. hydrothermal vents-. Ocean margins and their significance. Ocean Circulation, Coriolis effect and Ekman spiral, convergence, divergence and upwelling, El Nino. Indian Ocean Dipole Thermohaline circulation and oceanic conveyor belt. Formation of Bottom waters; major water masses of the world's oceans. Oceanic sediments: Factors controlling the deposition and distribution of oceanic sediments; geochronology of oceanic sediments, diagenetic changes in oxic and anoxic environments. Tectonic evolution of the ocean basins. Mineral resources. Paleocyanography – Approaches to paleoceanographic reconstructions; various proxy indicators for paleoceanographic interpretation. Reconstruction of monsoon variability by using marine proxy records Opening and closing of ocean gateways and their effect on circulation and climate during the Cenozoic. Sea level processes and Sea level changes. Methods of paleo Sea Surface temperature. Quantifications.

GEOCHEMISTRY: Atomic Structure and properties of elements, the Periodic Table; ionic substitution in minerals; Phase rule and its applications in petrology, thermodynamics of reactions involving pure phases, ideal and non-ideal solutions, and fluids; equilibrium and distribution coefficients. Nucleation and diffusion processes in igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary environments, redox reactions and Eh-pH diagrams and their applications. Mineral/mineral assemblages as „sensors“ of ambient environments. Geochemical studies of aerosols, surface-, marine-, and ground waters. Radioactive decay schemes and their application to geochronology and petrogenesis. Stable isotopes and their application to earth system processes; geochemical differentiation of the earth; geochemical cycles.

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY: Magmatic, hydrothermal and surface processes of ore formation. Metallogeny and its relation to crustal evolution; Active ore-forming systems, methods of mineral deposit studies including ore

microscopy, fluid inclusions and isotopic systematics; ores and metamorphism- cause and effect relationships. Geological setting, characteristics, and genesis of ferrous, base and noble metals. Origin, migration and entrapment of petroleum; properties of source and reservoir rocks; structural, stratigraphic and combination traps. Methods of petroleum exploration. Concepts of petrophysics, Petroliferous basins of India. Origin of peat, lignite, bitumen and anthracite. Classification, rank and grading of coal; coal petrography, coal resources of India. Gas hydrates and coal bed methane. Nuclear and non-conventional energy resources.

PRECAMBRIAN GEOLOGY AND CRUSTAL EVOLUTION: Evolution of lithosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, biosphere, and cryosphere; lithological, geochemical and stratigraphic characteristics of granite – greenstone and granulite belts. Stratigraphy and geochronology of the cratonic nuclei, mobile belts and Proterozoic sedimentary basins of India. Life in Precambrian. Precambrian – Cambrian boundary with special reference to India. 9) **QUATERNARY GEOLOGY:** Definition of Quaternary. Quaternary Stratigraphy – Oxygen Isotope stratigraphy, biostratigraphy and magnetostratigraphy. Quaternary climates – glacial-interglacial cycles, eustatic changes, proxy indicators of paleoenvironmental/ paleoclimatic changes, - land, ocean and cryosphere (ice core studies). Responses of geomorphic systems to climate, sea level and tectonics on variable time scales in the Quaternary, Quaternary dating methods, –radiocarbon, Uranium series, Luminescence, Aminoacid. Quaternary stratigraphy of India– continental records (fluvial, glacial, aeolian, palaeosols and duricrust); marine records; continental-marine correlation of Quaternary record. Evolution of man and Stone Age cultures. Plant and animal life in relation to glacial and interglacial cycles during Quaternary. Tectonic geomorphology, neotectonics, active tectonics and their applications to natural hazard assessment.

APPLIED GEOLOGY:

Remote Sensing and GIS: Elements of photogrammetry, elements of photo-interpretation, electromagnetic spectrum, emission range, film and imagery, sensors, geological interpretations of air photos and imageries. Global positioning systems. GIS- data structure, attribute data, thematic layers and query analysis.

Engineering Geology: Engineering properties of rocks and physical characteristics of building stones, concretes and other aggregates. Geological investigations for construction of dams, bridges, highways and tunnels. Remedial measures. Mass movements with special emphasis on landslides and causes of hillslope instability. Seismic design of buildings.

Mineral Exploration: Geological, geophysical, geochemical and geobotanical methods of surface and sub-surface exploration on different scales. Sampling, assaying and evaluation of mineral deposits.

Hydrogeology: Groundwater, Darcy's law, hydrological characteristics of aquifers, hydrological cycle. Precipitation, evapotranspiration and infiltration processes. Hydrological classification of water-bearing formations. Fresh and salt-water relationships in coastal and inland areas. Groundwater exploration and water pollution. Groundwater regimes in India.



हिमाचल प्रदेश केंद्रीय विश्वविद्यालय Central University of Himachal Pradesh

सप्त सिंधु परिसर, देहरा, जिला कांगड़ा, हि.प्र.-177101
Sapt Sindhu Parisar, Dehra, District Kangra, H.P.-177101
Website: www.cuhimachal.ac.in

Annexure- 'D'

Centre for Kashmir Studies

SYLLABUS

PhD Entrance Test (Jammu and Kashmir Studies) 2026-27

PhD Entrance Test: (2026-27)

Unit-1

History and Politics of Jammu and Kashmir after 1947

- Partition and its impact on the Princely State of Jammu and Kashmir in 1947: Pakistani Invasion, Atrocities and Forced Displacement
- Process of Legal and Constitutional Integration of Jammu and Kashmir.
- Human Rights: Refugees, Displaced Persons, Migrants, and Weaker Sections—SC, ST, OBC and Women.
- Proxy warfare, Separatism and Terrorism in Jammu and Kashmir. Its impact and Terrorist Affected Persons.

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- Jawahar Lal Kaul, *Article 35A: Face the facts*. Jammu and Kashmir Studies Centre, Pravasi Bhawan, Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.
- Daya Sagar, *The Real Face of Article 370*, Jammu and Kashmir Studies Centre, Pravasi Bhawan, Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.
- Anirudh Rajput, *Legal Documents of Jammu and Kashmir*, Publisher: Jammu and Kashmir Studies Centre, Pravasi Bhawan, Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.
- Ashutosh Bhatnagar, *J&K: An Analysis of Facts*. (Hindi and English), Jammu and Kashmir Studies Centre, Pravasi Bhawan, Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.
- Daya Sagar, *J&K 1947 Accession and Events Thereafter*, (Publisher: Jammu and Kashmir studies Centre, Pravasi Bhawan, Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.

- K.N. Pandita and Jawahar Lal Kaul, *Displaced Kashmiri Hindus: Dialogue Initiative*, Publisher: Jammu and Kashmir studies Centre, Pravasi Bhawan, Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi.
- Devesh Khandelwal, “Pledge for an Integrated India”, in Dr. Mookerjee, *In Throes of Jammu and Kashmir 1951 to 1954*.
- M K Teng, *Kashmir Myth of Autonomy*, Anmol Publications, Delhi.
- Devesh Khandelwal, *An Untold Story – The Maharaja of Jammu Kashmir*, MCN University of Journalism and Communication, Bhopal.
- Legal Documents.

Unit-2

Understanding Jammu and Kashmir through Neelmat Purana and Kalhana's Rajatarangini

- Nilamatapurana: An introduction, Analyzing the text and context of Nilamatapurana,
- Nilamatapurana: Geo-cultural and geo-historical description, Nilamatapurana: Socio-cultural and religious trends, Contemporary relevance of Nilamatapurana
- Gonanda Dynasty
- Introduction to Kalhana's Rajatarangini, Kalhana's Rajatarangini: Political Study
- Kalhana's Rajatarangini: Socio-cultural Analysis
- Karkota Dynasty - Samrat Lalitaditya, Utpala Dynasty, Lohara Dynasty

प्रस्तावितपुस्तकें

- महाकवि कल्हणकृत, *राजतरंगिणी*, भाग एक और दो, सम्पादक श्रुतदेवशास्त्री, प्रकाशक: बिहार राष्ट्रभाषा परिषद्, पटना I
 - जोनराजकृत, *राजतरंगिणी*, सम्पादक डा० रघुनाथसिंह, प्रकाशक: चौखम्बा संस्कृतसीरीज़, वाराणसी I
- Kalhan's Rajatarangini, *Translator Ranjit Sitaram Pandit*, Publisher Sahitya Academy Delhi.
- *Rajatarangini of Jonraja*, edited by Srikanth Kaul, Publisher: Vishveshvaranand Institute, Hoshiarpur, Punjab.
- Rajatarangini, Ramtej Shastri Pandey, Chuakhamba Sanskrit Pratishthan, Varansi.
- Tejram Sharma, *Historiography*, Publisher: Concept Publishing Company, Delhi.
- Sir Aurel Stein, *Kalhana's Rajatarangini: A Chronicle of the Kings of Kashmir*.
- *राजतरंगिणी और कश्मीर के राजा*, प्रकाशक हिंदुस्तानी एकेडमी, प्रयागराज I

Unit-3

Understanding Jammu and Kashmir through Jonaraja's Rajatarangini.

- **Political dynamics of Kashmir (1150-1320), Last phase of Hindu rule in Kashmir, Life and struggle of Kota Rani-The last Hindu ruler of Kashmir.**
- **The changing political and socio-cultural conditions of Kashmir after Kota Rani.**
- **Noted Personalities of Jammu and Kashmir** (Maharishi Kashyap, Acharya Abhinavagupta, Guru Padmasambhava, Swami Laxman Zoo,

Kshemendra Lalleshwari, Nund Rishi, Banda Singh Bahadur, General Zorawar Singh, Brigadier Rajendra Singh, Colonel Chhewang Rinchen

- **Eminent Scholars of Kashmir (Sharada Script)** - Kshemendra, Bilhana, Nityanand Shastri, Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Mukund Ram Shastri, Pandit Harabhatta Shastri, Pandit Anand Kaul, Master Zinda Kaul, Pandit Prem Nath Shastri, Pandit Govind Kaul, Master Sansar Chand Kaul, Krishnajo Razdan, Rupa Bawani, Pandit Kirpa Ram, Birbal Dhar, Swami Laxman Joo

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- Kalhan's *Rajatarangini*, Translator Ranjit Sitaram Pandit, Publisher Sahitya Academy, Delhi.
- *Rajatarangini of Jonraja*, edited by Srikanth Kaul, Publisher: Vishveshvaranand Institute, Hoshiarpur, Punjab.
- Srivara and Suka's, *Rajatarangini*, Edited by Srikanth Kaul, Vishveshvaranand Institute, Hoshiarpur, Punjab.
- Abbasi, Reema, 2014, *Historic Temples in Pakistan-A call to Conscience*, Niyogi Books.
- Bhattacharya, N.N., 1991, *The Geographical Dictionary. Ancient and Medieval India*, Delhi.
- Chattopadhyay, B.D., *A Survey of Historical Geography of Ancient India*, New Delhi
- Cunningham, A., 1979, "The Ancient Geography of India", Vol. I *The Buddhist Period*. Repr., Varanasi.
- Day, N.L., *Geographical Dictionary of Ancient and Medieval India*, Luzacc, London.
- Frawley, David, 2014, *Gods, Sages and Kings: Vedic Secrets of Ancient Civilization*, Motilal Banarasidas.
- राजतरंगिनी और कश्मीर के राजा, प्रकाशक हिंदुस्तानी एकेडमी, प्रयागराज I
- Sir Aurel Stein, *Kalhana's Rajatarangini: A Chronicle of the Kings of Kashmir*.

Unit-4

Arab, Turk and Mughal Invasions in Jammu and Kashmir

- Foreign Invasions in Jammu and Kashmir: Resistance and Response
- **Fugitive to Ruler:** Rinchan, Shahmir and Descendants
- **Political Turmoil in Central Asia and Arrival of Muslim Missionaries and Sufis in Kashmir:** Bulbul Shah, Sayyid Ali Hamadani, Mir Muhammed Hamadani and Mir Shamsuddin Araki
- Kashmir under Mughal and Afghan Rule, Impact of Islamic Rule in Jammu and Kashmir: Iconoclasm, Religious Massacres, Forced Conversion, Exodus of Hindus and Islamisation .

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- Jain, N.K., 1979, *Muslims in India. A Biographical Dictionary*, 2 vol., New Delhi.
- Ashutosh, *Jammu-Kashmir : An Analysis of Facts*
- Day, N. L., *Geographical Dictionary of Ancient and Medieval India*, Luzacc, London.
- Abbasi, Reema, 2014, *Historic Temples in Pakistan-A call to Conscience*, Niyogi Books.
- अग्निहोत्री, कुलदीपचंद, 2109, *जम्मू कश्मीर की अनकही-कहानी*, परभातपेपरबैक, नई दिल्ली I
- सिंह, जगमोहन, 2018, *अशांतकश्मीर- चुनौतियां और समाधान*, एलायड प्रकाशन I

Unit-5

Formation of Princely State of Jammu and Kashmir

- Decline of Afghan Rule and Emergence of Maharaja Ranjit Singh
- Integration of Jammu and Ladakh
- Anglo-Punjab War, Treaty of Lahore and Amritsar.
- Princely State of Jammu and Kashmir and its Military Campaigns

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- डा०कुलदीपचन्द अग्निहोत्री, *जम्मू कश्मीर का विस्मृत अध्याय- कुशकबकुलारिनपोछे*, प्रकाशक: प्रभातप्रकाशन, नईदिल्ली I
- डा०कुलदीपचन्द अग्निहोत्री, *उन्नीशकुशकबकुलारिनपोछे*, प्रकाशक: जम्मू-कश्मीर अध्ययनकेंद्र, नईदिल्ली I
- Nayar, Baldev Raj, 2005, *Geopolitics of Globalization*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- Paret, Peter (ed.), 1986, *Makers of Modern Strategy: from Machiavelli to the Nuclear Age*, Princeton University Press, and Princeton.
- J.R.V., 1987, *Political Frontiers and Boundaries*, Allen and Unwin: London.
- Sharma, Hassan and Behuria, (ed.), 2019, *Pakistan Occupied Kashmir- Politics, Parties and Personalities*, Pentagon Press, New Delhi
- Stobham, Chandran (ed.), 2008, *The Lost Colony: Muzaffarabad-Gilgit-Baltistan*, Indian Research Press, New Delhi.
- Ganguly, Sumit, 1994, *The Origins of War in South Asia: Indo-Pakistan Conflicts Since 1947*, Westview Press, Boulder.
- Menon, V. P., 1956, *The Story of the Integration of the Indian States*, Longmans Green, London.
- Fisher, Rose and Robert. A. Huttenback, (ed.), 1963, *Himalayan Battleground: Sino-Indian Rivalry in Ladakh*, Prager, New York.
- Dixit, J. N., 2002, *India-Pakistan in War & Peace*, Routledge, London.
- Tellis, Fair and Jamison Jo Medby, (ed.), 2001, *Limited Conflicts under the Nuclear Umbrella: Indian and Pakistani Lessons from the Kargil Crisis*, Rand, Santa Monica, CA.
- Lyon, Peter, 2008, *Conflict between India and Pakistan: An Encyclopedia*, ABC-Clio, Santa Barbara, CA.
- Wiggon, Thakur, (ed.), 2004, *South Asia in the World: Problem Solving Perspectives on Security, Sustainable Development, and Good Governance*, United Nations University Press, New York.

Unit-6

Socio-cultural Formation of Greater Ladakh Region

- The Geo-political situation of Ladakh Wazarat, Gilgit and Baltistan
- Gilgit Wazarat and Pamiri Areas, capturing Gilgit by Pakistan
- Languages and Dialects of the Greater Ladakh Region
- Life, Society, and Economy of the People in the Ladakh Region
- History of Ladakh Buddhist Association Movement, Kushok Bakula Rinpoche, and other modern Reformists.

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- Bansal, Alok, 2018, *Gilgit-Baltistan and Its Saga of Unending Human Rights Violations*, Pentagon Press, New Delhi
- Dewan, Parvez, 2007, *A History of Ladakh, Gilgit, Baltistan*, Manas Publications, New Delhi.
- Dewan, Parvez, 2010, *The Other Kashmir: Almost Everything About Aksai Chin, Baltistan*, Manas Publications, New Delhi.
- *Gilgit, Hunza, Mirpur, Muzaffarabad*, Manas Publications, New Delhi.
- Sharma, Hassan and Behuria, (ed.), 2019, *Pakistan Occupied Kashmir- Politics, Parties and Personalities*, Pentagon Press, New Delhi
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- Ganguly, Sumit, 1994, *The Origins of War in South Asia: Indo-Pakistan Conflicts Since 1947*, Westview Press, Boulder.
- Lawrence, Walter R., 2012, *An Account of Kashmir, Ladakh, Baltistan, Gilgit & Jammu*, Jay Kay Books, Srinagar
- Menon, V. P., 1956, *The Story of the Integration of the Indian States*, Longmans Green, London
- Murphy, Dervla, 2018, *where the Indus is Young: A Winter in Baltistan*, Speaking Tiger Publishing Private Limited, New Delhi
- Fisher, Rose and Robert. A. Huttenback, (ed.), 1963, *Himalayan Battleground: Sino-Indian Rivalry in Ladakh*, Prager, New York
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- Tellis, Fair and Jamison Jo Medby (ed.), 2001, *Limited Conflicts under the Nuclear Umbrella: Indian and Pakistani Lessons from the Kargil Crisis*, Rand, Santa Monica, CA
- Lyon, Peter (2008), *Conflict between India and Pakistan: An Encyclopedia*, ABC-Clio, Santa Barbara, CA
- Khan, I. K., 2018, *Geopolitics of Gilgit-Baltistan*, Sumit Enterprises, New Delhi
- Swamy, A. N., 2017, *Balochistan, Pok and Gilgit Baltistan: Factfile*, Surendra Publications, 2017
- Wiggon, Thakur (ed.), 2004, *South Asia in the World: Problem Solving Perspectives on Security, Sustainable Development, and Good Governance*, United Nations University Press, New York

Unit-7

Occupied Territories of India with special reference to Jammu and Kashmir, and Ladakh

- Brief Description of Areas occupied by Pakistan & China, Status of PoJK and Gilgit, Baltistan in the constitution of Pakistan.
- Geo-strategic importance of Gilgit-Baltistan, Aksai Chin and Trans-Karakoram regions.
- Nature of public protests in PoJK and Gilgit, Baltistan. Gilgit Manuscripts.
- Demographic changes in these areas and causes of Demographic change
- Important tourist and religious places with special reference to Sharda Peth and Mangla Mata.

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- Jain, N.K., 1979, *Muslims in India. A Biographical Dictionary*, 2 vol., New Delhi.
- Ashutosh, *Jammu-Kashmir: An Analysis of Facts*
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- Virender Gupta & Alok Bansal, *Pakistan Occupied Kashmir*,
- अग्निहोत्री, कुलदीपचंद , 2109 , *जम्मूकश्मीर की अनकही-कहानी*, परभात पेपरबैक, नईदिल्ली ।
- सिंह, जगमोहन, 2018, *अशांत कश्मीर-चुनौततयां और समाधान*, एलायडप्रकाशन ।
- जम्मू-कश्मीर : तथ्यपरकविश्लेषण
- P. N. Chopra, Smt. Prabha Chopra, *सरदारपटेल: कश्मीर और हैदराबाद*
- Devesh Khandelwal, *Pledge for an Integrated India: Dr. Mookerjee In Throes of Jammu And Kashmir 1951 To 1953*.

Unit-8

History and Geography of Ancient Jammu Region

- Jambu Lochan, the founder of Jammu, Hindushahi rule in Jammu hills.
- Jammu under Mughal occupation, Decline of Mughal power in Jammu region and Reign of Raja Dhruv Dev and Raja Ranjit Dev.
- Jammu became part of Lahore Darbar.
- Gulab Singh dynasty and its administration., Impact of Islam in Jammu region.
- Critical analysis of Praja Parishad Andolan & Nationalist Movements.

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- Jain, N.K., 1979, *Muslims in India. A Biographical Dictionary*, 2 vol., New Delhi.
- Ashutosh , *Jammu-Kashmir : An Analysis of Facts*
- Day, N.L., *Geographical Dictionary of Ancient and Medieval India*, Luzacc, London.
- Abbasi, Reema, 2014, *Historic Temples in Pakistan-A call to Conscience*, Niyogi Books.
- अग्निहोत्री, कुलदीपचंद , 2109 , *जम्मूकश्मीर की अनकही-कहानी*, परभातपेपरबैक, नईदिल्ली ।
- सिंह, जगमोहन, 2018, *अशांतकश्मीर-चुनौततयांऔरसमाधान*, एलायडप्रकाशन I

Unit-9

The Issues and Challenges of Jammu Region after Independence

- Partition and its impact on the Princely State of Jammu and Kashmir in 1947: Pakistani Invasion, Atrocities and Forced Displacement
- Praja Parishad Movement for complete integration of Jammu and Kashmir with the Union of India.
- Causes and Results of Students' Agitation in 1966-67
- **Social and Political Movements** - Redressal and Response and Recommendations of Gajender Gadkar Commission in 1967 and Qadri Commission in 1972, Kashmir Accord of 1975 and the demand for the trifurcation of the State into Jammu, Ladakh, and Kashmir, Poonch Agitation in 1978-79, Sikri Commission (1979) and Wazir Commission (1981). Causes and Results of Amarnath Agitation in 2008

Unit-10

Socio-cultural Landscapes of Jammu & Kashmir

- Groups and Communities: Dogras, Kashmiris, Ladakhis, Pahadis, Gujjars, Gaddis, Baltis and Dards,
- Socio-cultural Significance of rivers: Vitasta, Askini, Devika, Suryaputri, Kishanganga,
- Culture, Language, Folk, Customs & Traditions in different regions of J&K, Arts and Crafts,
- Festivals of Jammu Kashmir and Ladakh, Mountains and Ranges: Shivalik Range, Panchal Deva, Krishangiri,

प्रस्तावित पुस्तकें

- अग्निहोत्री, कुलदीपचंद , 2109 , *जम्मूकश्मीरकीअनकही-कहानी*, परभातपेपरबैक, नईदिल्ली I
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- C. L. Gadoo, *Kashmir Hindu Shrines: Heritage & History*.
- _____, *Kashmir Hindu Religious Culture*.
- Prof. Rajaneesh Shukla, Dr. Mayank Shekhar Acharya *Abhinavgupta: Literature, Culture & Philosophy*.

Centre for Deen Dayal Upadhyay Studies
Ph.D. Entrance Test Syllabus
Section-B: Subject Specific (50–100 Marks)

Unit-I

Life and Works of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya, Life and personality, Political journey, Role in Bharatiya Jana Sangh, Nation building, Important writings, Contemporary relevance

Unit-II

Integral Humanism (एकात्म मानववाद), Origin and evolution, Philosophical foundations, Individual, Society and Nation, Chiti and Virat, Dharma and State, Integral Humanism versus Western Ideologies

Unit-III

Political Thought, Democracy, Nationalism, Cultural Nationalism, Good Governance, Decentralization, Indian Polity, Constitutional Values, Panchayati Raj, Federalism

Unit-IV

Economic Thought, Swadeshi, Antyodaya, Rural Economy, Self-reliance, Sustainable Development, Labour and Capital, Employment, Cooperative Economy, Indian Model of Development

Unit-V

Indian Knowledge System, Indian Philosophy, Vedas and Upanishads, Dharma, Purushartha, Indian Cultural Heritage, Education in Indian Tradition, Ethics and Values

Unit-VI

Comparative Political Thought, Comparative study of Deendayal Upadhyaya with Mahatma Gandhi, Swami Vivekananda, Sri Aurobindo, Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Jawaharlal Nehru, M.S. Golwalkar, Syama Prasad Mookerjee

Unit-VII

Contemporary India, Good Governance, National Education Policy, Atmanirbhar Bharat, Sustainable Development Goals, Social Justice, Rural Development, Inclusive Growth, Cooperative Federalism, Digital India

Unit-VIII

Current Issues, Indian Society, Public Policy, National Security, International Relations, Environment, Culture, Education, Economy, Contemporary Political Issues

Centre for Deen Dayal Upadhyay Studies
Ph.D. Entrance Test Syllabus
Section-B: Subject Specific (50–100 Marks)

Unit-I: Life and Works of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya

- Life, personality and intellectual development of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya.
- Socio-political and ideological background.
- Role in the Bharatiya Jana Sangh and contribution to Indian politics.
- Concept of nation-building and national integration.
- Major writings and speeches.
- Relevance of Deendayal Upadhyaya's thought in contemporary India.

Unit-II: Integral Humanism (Ekatma Manav Darshan)

- Origin, evolution and philosophical foundations of Integral Humanism.
- Concepts of Individual, Family, Society and Nation.
- Chiti, Virat and the Organic Theory of Society.
- Dharma, State and Social Order.
- Purusharthas and holistic development.
- Integral Humanism in comparison with Capitalism, Socialism and Communism.

Unit-III: Political Thought of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya

- Concept of Democracy and Democratic Values.
- Cultural Nationalism and National Integration.
- Good Governance and Ethical Politics.
- Decentralization and Grassroots Democracy.
- Indian Polity and Constitutional Values.
- Panchayati Raj, Federalism and Participatory Governance.

Unit-IV: Economic Thought

- Swadeshi and Self-Reliance.
- Antyodaya and Inclusive Development.
- Rural Economy and Village-Centred Development.
- Labour, Capital and Employment.
- Cooperative Economy and Sustainable Development.
- Indian Model of Economic Development and Economic Democracy.

Unit-V: Indian Knowledge System

- Foundations of Indian Knowledge System.
- Indian Philosophy: Orthodox and Heterodox Traditions.
- Vedas, Upanishads and Indian Intellectual Heritage.
- Concepts of Dharma and Purusharthas.
- Indian Cultural Heritage and Civilizational Values.
- Education in Indian Tradition.
- Ethics, Values and Human Excellence.

Unit-VI: Comparative Political and Philosophical Thought

Comparative study of the ideas and contributions of Pandit Deendayal Upadhyaya with:

- Mahatma Gandhi.
- Swami Vivekananda.
- Sri Aurobindo.
- Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.
- Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia.
- Jawaharlal Nehru.
- M. S. Golwalkar.

- Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee.

Unit-VII: Contemporary India

- Good Governance and Public Administration.
- National Education Policy (NEP).
- Atmanirbhar Bharat.
- Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).
- Social Justice and Inclusive Growth.
- Rural Development and Community Participation.
- Cooperative Federalism.
- Digital India and Digital Governance.

Unit-VIII: Current Issues

- Contemporary Issues in Indian Society.
- Public Policy and Governance.
- National Security and Strategic Affairs.
- India's Foreign Policy and International Relations.
- Environment and Sustainable Development.
- Culture, Education and National Development.
- Indian Economy: Emerging Challenges and Opportunities.
- Contemporary Political, Social and Economic Issues.

Annexure- ‘F’
Department of Nano Science and Materials
Syllabus for Ph.D. Entrance Examination

Total marks: 100

1. Fundamentals of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology **10**

Fundamental concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology: nanoscale dimensions and dimensionality (0D, 1D, 2D and 3D), surface-to-volume ratio and surface energy, size-dependent physical, chemical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties.

2. Synthesis and Fabrication of Nanomaterials **10**

Principles governing nanomaterial synthesis: nucleation and crystal growth, thermodynamics; kinetics of synthesis: physical, chemical and biological synthesis routes, ball milling, sol-gel processing, hydrothermal and solvothermal synthesis.

3. Characterization Techniques for Nanomaterials **15**

Fundamental principles, working and applications: X-ray diffraction (XRD), scanning electron microscopy (SEM), atomic force microscopy (AFM), Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR), Raman spectroscopy, UV-Visible spectroscopy, photoluminescence spectroscopy.

4. Nanomaterials and Low-Dimensional Systems **10**

Carbon-based nanomaterials: graphene, carbon nanotubes and fullerenes; quantum dots, metal and alloy nanoparticles, metal oxide nanomaterials, magnetic nanomaterials, semiconductor nanostructures.

5. Materials Science **20**

Classification of materials: metals, alloys and ceramics; structure-property relationship, mechanical properties, electrical properties, optical properties, thermal properties, magnetic properties. Crystal systems: bravais lattices, unit cell, miller indices, packing fraction, coordination number, crystal planes and directions.

6. Atomic and Quantum Physics **10**

Wave-particle duality, De Broglie wavelength, Heisenberg, uncertainty principle, Schrödinger equation (basic), hydrogen atom, harmonic oscillators and quantum numbers.

7. Chemical Bonding & Thermodynamics **15**

Ionic bond, covalent bond, metallic bond, hydrogen bonding, van der Waals interactions, first law, second law, Gibbs free energy, enthalpy, entropy, chemical equilibrium.

8. Surface and Polymer Chemistry **10**

Classification of polymers: conducting polymers, biopolymers, nanocomposites polymers; corrosion, adsorption, absorption, catalysis, surface energy, colloids, micelles, polymerization.



हिमाचल प्रदेश केन्द्रीय विश्वविद्यालय

Central University of Himachal Pradesh

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(Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade with CGPA OF 3.42)

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Annexure -
G

F.No: Dir. (Research)/2-7/CUHP/2022/311

Dated: 02/07/2026

Prof. (Dr.) Pradeep Nair

Director (Research)

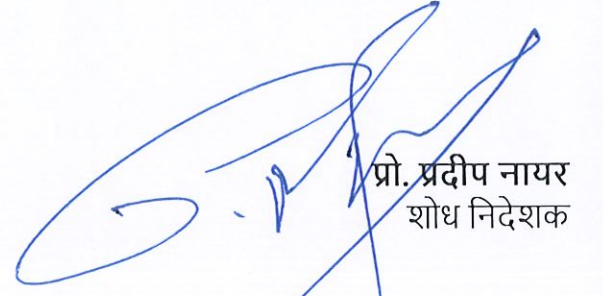
PhD Vacant Seats for admission in the academic Year 2026 - 27

S.No	Departments	SC	ST	OBC	UR	EWS	PwD	Total
1	Himachal Pradesh Kendriya Vishwavidhyalya Business School (HPKVBS)	4	2	6	11	1	1#	24
2	Department of Commerce	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
3	Department of Hindi	1	0	2	3	0	0	6
4	Department of English	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	Department of Sanskrit	2	1	3	4	1	1#	11
6	Department of Punjabi & Dogri	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
7	Department of Journalism & Mass Communication	2	1	4	5	1	1#	13
8	Department of New Media	1	1	2	4	1	1#	9
9	Department of Education	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
10	Department of Tourism & Travel	1	1	3	4	1	1#	10
11	Centre for Promotion of Ecological, Adventure Health and Cultural Tourism	1	0	1	3	0	0	5
12	Department of Environment Science	1	1	2	3	0	0	7
13	Centre of Remote Sensing and GIS	1	1	2	3	1	1#	8
14	Department of Geology	1	0	1	3	0	0	5
15	Department of	1	0	1	3	0	0	5

	Plant Science							
16	Department of Animal Science	1	1	2	3	0	0	7
17	Centre for Computational Biology & Bioinformatics	3	2	6	9	1	1#	21
18	Department of History	1	1	2	3	0	0	7
19	Department of Political Sciences	1	0	2	3	0	0	6
20	Department of Social Work	2	1	3	6	1	1#	13
21	Department of Sociology	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
22	Centre for Kashmir Studies	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
23	Centre For Deen Dayal Upadhyay Studies	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
24	Srinivasa Ramanujan Department of Mathematics	1	1	2	4	1	1#	9
25	Department of Library and Information Sciences	1	0	2	3	0	0	6
26	Department of Computer Science and Informatics	1	0	1	3	0	0	5
27	Department of Visual Arts	1	1	2	4	1	1#	9
28	Department of Physics & Astronomical Sciences	5	3	9	13	2	2#	32
29	Department of Nanoscience & Materials	3	2	6	11	1	1#	23
	Total No. of Phd Seats	40	20	70	120	13	13#	263

1. पीएचडी सीटों का विभागवार आवंटन प्रवेश अधिनियम 2006 में संशोधन के आधार पर किया जाता है, जिसे 2012 में संशोधित किया गया था।
2. प्रत्येक विभाग में सीटों की संख्या प्रतिशत के 0.5 दशमलव के बराबर या उससे अधिक को पूर्णांकित करके गणना की जाती है ताकि यह सुनिश्चित किया जा सके कि प्रत्येक श्रेणी का आरक्षण प्रतिनिधित्व विभाग स्तर पर निष्पक्ष रूप से बनाए रखा जा सके।
3. कुछ विभागों में सीटों की संख्या काफी कम है और संबंधित श्रेणियों में आरक्षण का समान और निष्पक्ष प्रतिनिधित्व बनाए रखना संभव नहीं है, इसलिए सीटों को इस तरह से पुनर्व्यवस्थित किया गया कि आरक्षण रोलर के वास्तविक कार्यान्वयन के व्यापक हित में, प्रत्येक श्रेणी के लिए कुल आवंटन उनकी चिह्नित क्षमता के अनुसार सुनिश्चित किया जा सके।

4. # विकलांग व्यक्तियों के अधिकार अधिनियम, 2016 की धारा 32 (1) के अनुसार विकलांग व्यक्तियों (पीडब्ल्यूडी) को पांच प्रतिशत सीटें आवंटित की गईं। हालांकि, ऐसे उम्मीदवारों को उस उपयुक्त श्रेणी में समायोजित किया जाएगा जिससे वे संबंधित हैं।
5. सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय के कार्यालय ज्ञापन संख्या 20013/01/2018-बीसी-II दिनांक 17 जनवरी 2019 के संदर्भ में आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर वर्गों के उम्मीदवारों को श्रेणियों: दस प्रतिशत सीटें आवंटित की गईं।



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