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उच्च शिक्षा में पाठ्यक्रम निर्माण एवं परीक्षा अंकन पद्धति में सुधार की गुंजाइश 4-5 फरवरी-2012



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अंकन पद्धति ने सुधार की गुंजाइश

शोध पत्रिका में दिये जये विचार और तथ्य लेखकों के हैं जिनके विषय में लेखक स्वयं पूर्णतः उत्तरदायी हैं शोध पत्रिका के सम्पादन तथा प्रकाशन में पूर्ण सावधानी रखी गई हैं किन्तु किसी त्रुटि के लिये सम्पादक मण्डल, प्रकाशक एवं मुद्रक उत्तरदायी नहीं हैं।

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Higher Education in India

DR. JAGMEET BAWA *
MISS. NEELAMKUMARI **

The new challenge before the country at the beginning of the twenty first century is tobecome a developed society by the year 2020, which requires that not only a vibranteconomy driven by knowledge has to be ushered in soon, but also a new society wherejustice and human values prevail has to be created. Moreover, challenges in highereducation are no longer only nation centric. They have already attained globaldimensions, particularly after trade in services has been brought under the purview of the WTO regime. With the explosive growth of knowledge in the past century and withthe development of handy tools of information and communication technologies as wellas of other scientific innovations, competition has become a hallmark of growth all overthe World. As a result, knowledge is not only going to be the driver of Indian economy, but also, it is going to permeate into all the strata of Indian society for a better quality of life and living conditions. Therefore, India has to rise to the occasion urgently andreorient its higher education system to be vibrant, competitive, meaningful andpurposeful, Besides, there is absolutely no substitute to quality of higher education, although the country has been faced for a long time with the serious problem of meetingthe quantity needs of our society. It is, therefore, essential that a careful balancing of the two is given priority to meet the twin requirements of the society in the foreseeablefuture.

Growth of Higher Education

The theme of higher knowledge and higher education was fashioned in India by the ancientRishis and sages in the Vedic Age, the date of which is uncertain but is supposed to be traceable to great antiquity. The early Gurukul system of education flourished in the Vedic and Upanishadic periods, but a huge University came to be set up at Takshashila in the 6th Century B.C. Two other universities, namely, Nalanda and Vikramsila were established inthe 4th and 5th centuries A.D., respectively.

India has had a long tradition of inquiry and articulation of concepts of universe, self, role of state, economy, social order and other related matters. The methodologies

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